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**MEETING OF THE AMERICAN PUBLIC HEALTH ASSOCIATION.**

**To be held in San Francisco September 13-17, 1920.**

The 1920 annual meeting of the American Public Health Association is to be held in San Francisco, Calif., September 13-17, inclusive.

The program of the meeting promises some interesting discussions on vital public health problems. As announced by the secretary it will include the following entries:

A symposium on the relative functions of official and nonofficial health organizations.

Western health problems.

Narcotic control.

Food poisoning.

Organization of child hygiene.

Mental hygiene.

Health centers.

The foregoing subjects and others will be distributed among the following 10 sectional groups:

General Sessions.

Public Health Administration.

Laboratory.

Vital Statistics.

Sociological.

Sanitary Engineering.

Industrial Hygiene.

Food and Drugs.

Personal Hygiene.

Child Hygiene.

Special cars for the convention will leave from Boston and New York City on Tuesday, September 7, at 2 p. m., which will be attached to the special train leaving Chicago on Wednesday, September 8, at 10.30 p. m.

The program of the meeting and all detailed information may be had on application to the secretary, 169 Massachusetts Avenue, Boston, Mass.

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**NUISANCE ABATEMENT LAW HELD CONSTITUTIONAL.**

The Wisconsin statute, which provides that upon the failure to comply with an order of the State board of health to abate and remove a nuisance on any premises the State board of health may remove such nuisance and the expense of such removal shall be paid by the owner, occupant, or person causing or maintaining the nuisance and shall be a lien upon the land, has been held constitutional<sup>1</sup> by the supreme court of that State.

The State board of health ordered a nuisance removed, and when the order was not complied with the nuisance was removed by the board and an action brought to recover the amount expended. Recovery was allowed and the act held constitutional as being clearly within the police power of the State.

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<sup>1</sup>State v. Laabs et al., 177 N. W., 916.